

Observatoire astronomique de Strasbourg



The Xshooter Spectral Library "XSL"

Ariane Lançon - Prospective SF2A 2014

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Why another empirical spectral library for population synthesis?

Population synthesis: the tool used to interpret spectra of galaxies.

Requirements :

Resolution : ~10 000 is sufficient (velocity dispersion)

Reasonable sampling of the HR diagram at various metallicities

Broad wavelength coverage and good spectrophotometry: Predict the relative contributions of various stars at various wavelengths [ex: relative number of giants and dwarfs \rightarrow IMF]

Good spectral features

[evolution of selected spectral indices; performance of "full spectrum fitting" algorithms \rightarrow star formation histories, LOSVD]

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The Xshooter Spectral Library

Why another empirical spectral library for population synthesis?

Existing empirical/semi-empirical libraries :

Broad wavelength coverage ↔ low spectral resolution + patchwork, not the same stars at all wavelengths

Good resolution and sampling of the HR diagram \rightarrow optical only

Existing theoretical libraries :

Good coverage of parameter space (log[g], Teff, Z, [M/Fe])

But not tested well over the full UV+VIS+near IR (lack of adequate empirical data)

Tests for cool stars: not yet satisfactory

- conclusions from SEDs and from spectral features differ
- molecular line lists approximate

Consequences for population synthesis: ... to be improved before JWST and other NIR instruments

- Lack of confidence in near-IR analyses (stellar mass of galaxies at $z\sim0 \rightarrow z\sim1$, IMF variations, etc.)

- Poor predictions of near-IR line indices (contamination by poorly modeled molecular lines)

BaSeL, Pickles

MILES, Indo_US, ELODIE, Gaia/ESO, Hermes/Galah, LAMOST/LEGUE, WHT/WEAVES, VISTA/4most, ...

Some illustrations of the issues : photometry of cool dwarfs



Some illustrations of the issues : SEDs and TiO features in Red Supergiants



Davies et al. 2012 \rightarrow revised Teff Interpretation: large convective cells with a range of surface T (3D models needed)

(see also Lançon et al. 2007 for models that explore effects of dredge-up)

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In France : Anaïs Gonneau (PhD Strasbourg), Philippe Prugniel (Lyon) - new collaborators welcome Elsewhere : Yanping Chen (PhD completed), Sofia Meneses-Goytia (PhD), Mariya Lyubenova, Alexandre Vazdekis, Mina Koleva, Javier Cenarro, Jesus Falcón-Barroso, Esther Mármol-Queraltó, Patricia Sánchez-Blázquez, Jakob Walcher, Peter Hauschildt, David Silva

The aim : UV+VIS+NIR spectroscopic library designed primarily for population synthesis purposes.

Numerous comparisons with stellar models in order to :

- estimate fundamental parameters
- progress towards agreement between theory & observations across UV...NIR.

The project :800+ stars across the HR-diagram at various metallicitiesXshooter observations : R~10000[not much need for higher R when studying galaxies] $\lambda\lambda$ 320 – 2400 nm[in one shot]

Data reduction specifics : (Relative) flux calibration Correction for telluric absorption

Post-processing : fundamental parameters of the observed stars

DR1: 230 stars from the "pilot program", UVB+VIS (Yan-Ping Chen et al. 2014 – submitted) DR1 database + web site (ready – A. Gonneau)



Almost complete survey, with parameters mostly from the input catalogs (to be improved) (NB: TP-AGB stars are placed and colored arbitrarily; many more B and A stars available)

Star: HD 198140 (C)



Responsibilities in France :

Reduction of the observations in the NIR arm (Strasbourg–Anaïs Gonneau) Analysis of the luminous cool stars : RGB, AGB, RSG (Strasbourg – Anaïs Gonneau) Interpolation, contribution to fundamental parameter estimations for all stars (Lyon +)



The next few years

Data reduction / validation to be completed. Database (DR1 is ready).

Comparison with theoretical spectra : only some spectral types currently under scrutiny \rightarrow collaborators welcome

Fundamental parameters, abundance estimates, interpolation methods...

... but what is really sought is convergence between observations and theory, so that future population synthesis tool can rely on model spectra.

[And of course applications to existing/new VIS+NIR observations of clusters and galaxies]

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